Ar	naphylaxis E	mergency Plai	n:		(name)	
Th	nis person has a p	otentially life-threa	atening allergy (ana	phylaxis) to:		
	РНОТО	Peanut Tree nu Egg Milk Food: The l	ts Insect Latex Medi	cation:aphylactic emergency is		
			the allergen. People with food allergies should not share food or eat unmarked / bulk foods or products with a "may contain" warning.			
		Epinephrir	Epinephrine Auto-Injector: Expiry Date://			
		Dosage:	Dosage: ☐ EpiPen® Jr 0.15 mg ☐ EpiPen® 0.30 mg ☐ Twinject® 0.15 mg ☐ Twinject® 0.30 mg			
	Location of Auto-Injector(s): Previous anaphylactic reaction: Person is at greater risk. Asthmatic: Person is at greater risk. If person is having a readifficulty breathing, give epinephrine auto-injector before a					
A person having an anaphylactic reaction might have ANY of these signs and symptoms:						
•	 Skin system: hives, swelling, itching, warmth, redness, rash Respiratory system (breathing): coughing, wheezing, shortness of breath, chest pain/tightness, throat tightness, hoarse voice, nasal congestion or hay fever-like symptoms (runny, itchy nose and watery eyes, sneezing), trouble swallowing Gastrointestinal system (stomach): nausea, pain/cramps, vomiting, diarrhea 					
•	Cardiovascular system (heart): pale/blue colour, weak pulse, passing out, dizzy/lightheaded, shock					
•	Other: anxiety, feeling of "impending doom", headache, uterine cramps, metallic taste					
Early recognition of symptoms and immediate treatment could save a person's life.						
Act quickly. The first signs of a reaction can be mild, but symptoms can get worse very quickly.						
1.	Give epinephrine auto-injector (e.g. EpiPen® or Twinject®) at the first sign of a known or suspected anaphylactic reaction. (See attached instruction sheet.)					
	Call 9-1-1 or local emergency medical services. Tell them someone is having a life-threatening allergic reaction.					
3.	Give a second dose of epinephrine in 5 to 15 minutes IF the reaction continues or worsens.					
4.	Go to the nearest hospital immediately (ideally by ambulance) , even if symptoms are mild or have stopped. The reaction could worsen or come back, even after proper treatment. Stay in the hospital for an appropriate period of observation as decided by the emergency department physician (generally about 4 hours).					
5.	Call emergency contact person (e.g. parent, guardian).					
Emergency Contact Information						
	Name	Relationship	Home Phone	Work Phone	Cell Phone	
The				epinephrine to the above- n recommended by the pat	named person in the event ient's physician.	
 Pati	ient/Parent/Guardian	 Signature Date	Physician S	ignature 🔲 On file	Date	









